Against Malaria Foundation

LLIN Distribution Programme – Detailed Information



Summary

# of LLINS	Country	Location	When	By whom
301,000	Zambia	17 districts reaching 3 Provinces (Northern, Southern and Eastern)	Aug-Sept 2009	World Vision

Further Information

1. Please describe the specific locations & villages to receive nets and the number to each? Please provide longitude/latitude information. (Important note: If the distribution is approved, approval will be for the nets to be distribution to these specific locations. Location changes will only be considered, and may be refused, if due to exceptional/unforeseen circumstances.)

The following 17 districts will receive nets:

No.	District	Latitude/ Longitude	World Vision ADP Name	Partner	Total # LLINs needed/district	Estimated Population
1	Choma	16º48'S/26º59'E	Hamaundu, Moyo	WVZ	5,201	20,490
2	Kalomo	17º00'S/26º30'E	Kalomo, Siachitema,	Africare	20,015	84,752
			Twachiyanda	WVZ		
				CARE		
				TSA		
3	Monze	16 ⁰ 17'S/27 ⁰ 29'E	Choongo	Africare	3,703	65,431
				TSA		
				WVZ		
4	Kazungula	17º46'S/25º16'E		CARE	8,388	27,306
				CRS		
5	Sinazongwe	17º15'S/27º28'E	Sinazongwe	WVZ	5,134	16,091
6	Livingstone	17º49'S/26º49'E		CARE	6,297	61,973
				TSA		
7	Mazabuka (including	15°52'S/27°44'E	Magoye	TSA	9,773	40,644
	Chikankata)			Africare		
				WVZ		
				TSA		
8	Lundazi	12º20'S/33º07'E			28,878	94,733
9	Chinata	13 ⁰ 38'S/32 ⁰ 28'E	Mokupawa	WVZ	49,183	147,016
9	Chipata	13 30 3/32 28 E	Makungwa	Africare	49,103	147,010
				WVZ	_	
				CARE		

				TSA		
10	Petauke	14º14'S/31º20'E	Nyamphande	Africare	38,532	94,352
				WVZ		
				CARE		
				TSA		
11	Katete	14º03'S/32º05'E	Katete	CARE	30,399	75,700
				WVZ		
12	Nyimba	14º33'S/30º5'E	Nyimba	TSA	12,702	21,128
				WVZ		
13	Kasama	10°16'S/31°09'E	Mwamba	WVZ	11,575	51,279
14	Luwingu	10 ⁰ 16'S/29 ⁰ 54'E	Buyantanshi	WVZ	11,575	16,152
15	Mpika	11 ⁰ 51'S/31 ⁰ 25'E	Mpika	WVZ	28,241	58,478
16	Mbala	08º46'S/31º24'E	Mbala	WVZ	24,102	149,634
17	Nakonde	09 ⁰ 19'S/32 ⁰ 46'E	Nakonde	WVZ	7,482	15,027
Total					301,180	1,040,184

Target villages/districts for the first distribution:

	<u>HUB</u>	<u>DISTRICT</u>	VILLAGE LEVEL	NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS IN VILLAGE	POPULATION AT 6/HH	VILLAGE ALLOCATION OF NETS
1	Chipata	Petauke	Kapoche	1,496	8,228	1,232
			Chingombe	2,570	14,135	2,116
			Mwangaila	3,038	16,709	2,501
			Matambazi	3,117	17,144	2,566
			Kaumbwe	3,340	18,370	2,750
			Manjazi	2,882	15,851	2,373
			Manyane	2,443	13,437	2,011
			Msumbazi	2,798	15,389	2,303
			Ongolwe	2,372	13,046	1,953
			Kovyane	1,921	10,566	1,581
			Mbala	2,052	11,286	1,689
			Chalimanyana	3,265	17,958	2,688
			Nyika	4,998	27,489	4,115
			Nsimbo	1,158	6,369	953
			Nyakawise	1,655	9,103	1,362
			Mateyo Mzeka	1,544	8,492	1,271
			Singozi	1,618	8,899	1,332
			Mawanda	1,631	8,971	1,343
			Lusangazi	431	2,371	355
			Chisangu	2,258	12,419	1,859
				46,587	256,229	38,352
2	Chipata	Nyimba	Chinsumbwe	271	1,491	261
			Katipa	348	1,914	335
			Vizimunda	2,307	12,689	2,220
			Ngozi	2,205	12,128	2,122
			Lwezi	1,429	7,860	1,375
			Nyimba	1,231	6,771	1,185

			Kaliwe	1,123	6,177	1,081
			Chweza	1,152	6,336	1,109
			Mombe	857	4,714	825
			Chamilala	754	4,147	726
			Chinambi	1,099	6,045	1,058
			Luangwa	423	2,327	407
				13,199	72,595	12,702
2	Larrater	Mazabuka	Malala	1,150	(225	507
3	Lusaka	Mazabuka	Mabwe Atuba	1,854	6,325	587
			Kasengo	1,187	10,197	946
			Chivuna	3,356	6,529	605
			Konkola	499	18,458	1,712
			Mazabuka	2,799	2,745	255
			Nakambala	3,957	15,395	1,428
			Lubombo	1,926	21,764	2,018
			Nega-Nega	2,433	10,593	982
			rioga rioga		13,382	1,241
				19,161	105,386	9,773
4	Livingstone	Monze	Choongo West	919	5,055	692
7	Livingstone	WIOIIZC	Choongo East	1,557	8,564	1,172
			Mwanza West	1,894	10,417	1,426
			Chona	548	3,014	413
				4,918	27,049	3,703
			Singani	1,194		
5	Livingstone	Choma		948	6,567	872
			Nakeempa	2,254	5,214	692
			Kalundanya Simacheche		12,397	1,646
				1,022	5,621	746
			Mbabala	1,713	9,422	1,251
				7,131	39,221	5,207
6	Livingstone	Sinazongwe	Mabinga	185	1,018	70
			Namazambwe	574	3,157	217
			Mweenda	697	3,834	264
			Muuka	848	4,664	321
			Tekelo	467	2,569	177
			Mweemba	2,304	12,672	871
			Maamba	1,821	10,016	689
			Mweezya	862	4,741	326
			Nkandabwe	1,035	5,693	391
			Sinazongwe	1,125	6,188	425
			Malima	939	5,165	355
			Nang'ombe	2,719	14,955	1,028
				13,576	74,668	5,134
			I	505		
7	Mpika	Luwingu	Isangano	595	3,273	408
			Lwata	688	3,784	472

		_	177,304	975,172	122,123
			25,270	138,985	11,575
		Kapongolo	5,693	31,312	2,608
		Lualuo	2,343	12,887	1,073
		Chiba	3,052	16,786	1,398
		Buseko	1,301	7,156	596
		Mulilansolo	6,235	34,293	2,856
		Lukupa	2,067	11,369	947
		Kasenga	1,725	9,488	790
9 Mpika	ı Kasama	Bululu	2,854	15,697	1,307
			30,585	168,218	24,102
		Chozi	1,345	7,398	1,060
		Mukololo	2,114	11,627	1,666
		Lapisha	1,670	9,185	1,316
		Chipembe	960	5,280	757
		Chinyika	1,321	7,266	1,041
		Chimbili	1,675	9,213	1,320
		Malamba	1,306	7,183	1,029
		Chela	1,970	10,835	1,522
		Mwiluzi	1,678	9,229	1,322
		Lwandi	2,955	14,735 16,253	2,111 2,329
		Kawimbe	2,679	21,445 14,735	3,073
		Intala	3,899	19,058	2,731
		Moto Moto	3,465	9,213	1,320
8 Mpika	Mbala	Nsunzu Mwambezi	1,873 1,675	10,302	1,476
		November		,	,
			16,877	92,824	11,575
		Kampemba	654	3,597	449
		Isansa	858	4,719	588
		Bwalinde	1,231	6,771	239 844
		Ibale	348	7,805 1,914	239
		Mwelawamanu	1,419	3,313 7,805	438 973
		Ilambo	639	7,673 3,515	957 438
		Mufili	1,395	4,554 7,673	568 057
		Kanfinsa	828	1,925	240
		Katilye	350	3,190	398
		Munshinga	580	3,526	440
		Kaela	641	5,539	691
		Itandashi	1,007	4,219	526
		Namunkolo	767	12,078	1,506
		Chulungoma	2,196	3,883	
		Ipusukilo	706	3,993	498 484
		Masonde	726	3,581	446
		Chifwele	651	3,289	410
		Mushituwambo	598	2 280	410

2. Is this an urban or rural area and how many people live in this specific area?

These areas are mostly rural but also include some peri-urban area. The estimated total area population is 1,040,184.

3. Is this a high risk malaria area? If yes, why do you designate it as high?

Yes. All nine provinces of Zambia are endemic for malaria with 90-100% of the population at risk. Although the number of malaria cases reported in Zambia declined in 2007, malaria still accounts for 45% of outpatient visits, 45% of hospital admissions, 47% of overall disease burden among pregnant women, and 50% of disease burden among children under-five years of age. The 2008 Malaria Indicator Survey (MIS) did show progress in parasitemia levels in children under five:

	% of UF with malaria parasites				
Province	MIS 06	MIS 08			
Southern	8.6	7.9			
Eastern	22.8	9.3			
Northern	35.7	12.0			

4. How many *reported* cases of malaria and malaria deaths were there in this area in 2005? If you do not have statistics please make a qualitative comment.

Approximately 4.3 million clinically diagnosed cases of malaria were reported through the HMIS in 2007, this represents over a 10% decline from 2006. This figure overestimates the number of true malaria cases at the health facility level due to lack of diagnostic confirmation; it also underestimates the cases at the community level which go unreported.

No.	District	Malaria Incidence 2006				
1	Choma	445				
2	Kalomo	270				
3	Monze	407				
4	Kazungula	345				
5	Sinazongwe	464				
6	Livingstone	359				
7	Mazabuka	412				
8	Lundazi	455				
9	Chipata	437				
10	Petauke	532				
11	Katete	506				
12	Nyimba	665				
13	Kasama	436				
14	Luwingu	428				
15	Mpika	329				
16	Mbala	337				
17	Nakonde	229				

5. Is this distribution of nets 'blanket coverage' of an area/village or to a select/vulnerable group? If the latter, please describe this group.

The distribution plans to fill a gap from the previous LLIN distribution in 2007 so that universal coverage is achieved in these areas.

6. What is the existing level of ITN use in this area? Are there existing bednet distribution programmes in this area?

During August of 2007 the National Malaria Control Centre conducted a mass distribution of LLINs in the three proposed provinces. At the time the objective was to reach 80% coverage, with a minimum of three nets per household. There continues to be LLIN distributions through ANC to pregnant women throughout Zambia. Again, this distribution is meant to fill identified gaps that remain.

Indicator	Proportion of households with at least one ITN		Proportion of children under 5 years old who slept under an ITN the previous night		womei under	on of pregnant n who slept an ITN the lous night
	MIS 06	MIS 08	MIS 06	MIS 08	MIS 06	MIS 08
Province						
Southern	54	70	33	32	41	26
Eastern	45	75	29	57	38	46
Northern	33	89	18	64	21	65
Zambia	44	62	23	41	24	43

7. Why was the area/villages chosen for bednet distribution and who made this decision? Please provide the name, position and organisation of the person/s making the decision.

The areas have been chosen in consultation with the National Malaria Control Program. The selection was based on the level of vulnerability of the community and the number of LLINs needed within the districts where WV and RAPIDS are actively working.

The decision to target communities within the districts listed was made by Dr. Elizabeth Chizema Kawesha, Deputy Director, Public Health & Research - National Malaria Control Centre, Zambian Ministry of Health in collaboration with Dr. Mark Maire, Sector Specialist Infectious Diseases - Health Team, Resource Development and Management - for World Vision US.

8. Have you consulted with the National Malaria Programme in your country about this distribution and what was their response? Please provide the name, position and contact details of the person/s with whom you have liaised.

Yes. The National Malaria Control Program was consulted. World Vision-RAPIDS is a partner with Zambia's NMCP and aims to complement and supplement all national malaria prevention efforts. In line with this objective, World Vision-RAPIDS

has collaborated with Dr. Elizabeth Chizema Kawesha throughout the development of this proposal.

National Malaria Control Program contact:

Dr. Elizabeth Chizema Kawesha, Deputy Director, PH & Research - Malaria Cecilia Katebe, ITN Specialist

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Zambia National Malaria Control Centre P.O. Box 32509, Lusaka Telephone: 260-1-282455 Telefax: 260-01-282427

9. Please describe any pre-distribution activity, in particular how the size of the target group and number of nets required will be ascertained?

Prior to distribution World Vision/RAPIDS will work closely with Zambia's National Malaria Control Program to resolve the number of households to be reached in each community.

Additionally, World Vision/RAPIDS partners within the identified districts will collaborate with the District Health Management Teams to determine how many nets each household will receive. Data available from the Rural Health Centres and District Health Management Teams will be used wherever available to verify that the nets are distributed effectively.

In addition, RAPIDS volunteer caregivers in the identified districts will be notified of the activity and RAPIDS will work with the District Health Management Teams to arrange the dates and time period of the distribution.

10. Please describe how the bednets will be distributed, by whom, whether distribution will be a focussed effort or part of a combined programme and if there will be an information/education component to the distribution? Please indicate over what time period (typically, the number of days or weeks) the distribution will occur.

The nets will be distributed by WV/RAPIDS volunteer caregivers during community-based meetings. These meetings will be held over the span of one or two weeks, depending on community need. Prior to these meetings the caregivers will work with other Neighbourhood Health Committee (NHC) volunteers in the community to notify household heads of the distribution activity.

During these meetings the caregivers, who have already been educated about malaria and prevention messages, will share their knowledge with net beneficiaries. Topics to be covered will include: how to hang and care for the net, when to use the net and why, the cause of malaria, ways of preventing malaria, and what to do when one is sick with malaria. After demonstrating how to hang the net, the caregivers will distribute the nets to the households along with a brochure that reviews the information given in local language.

11. What post-distribution follow-up is planned to assess the level of usage (hang-up percentage) of the nets? How long after the distribution will this assessment take place? Will you provide us with the findings? What will you be able to do subsequently to increase net hang-up if relevant?

WV/RAPIDS caregivers will work with the NHC to follow up with net beneficiaries by conducting home visits. During this activity the caregivers and NHC Committee volunteers will inquire about net usage and ask to see whether the net is hanging. If the net is not hanging, the caregivers and NHC members will seek to find out why the net is not in use and educate the household accordingly. This assessment will be ongoing and will begin within one month of the distribution. This activity will aim to promote and encourage net usage within the community, however because it will be done by community volunteers the findings will not be recorded.

If funding is available, World Vision/RAPIDS will to conduct a survey 12 months after the distribution to determine net usage by beneficiary households. In areas where net use is found to be low, World Vision/RAPIDS will seek to find out the reason and respond with appropriate Behaviour Change Communication strategies.

12. Please give the name and contact information for the (government) head of the district health management team for the/each area. Please ensure you include contact information.

Name	Position	Phone	Mobile Phone Number
Eunice Masi	DACA - Chipata District	-221157	0977-123920
Frederick Njamba	DACA - Katete District		0977-764860
Christa Nyirenda	DACA - Lundazi District	-480570	0955-
Martin Chishimba	DACA - Petauke District		0955-595135
Bywell Simpoysa	DACA - Kasama District	-222256	0977-456065
Rodrick Kabunda	DACA - Luwingu District		0977-893572
William Sikazwe	DACA - Mbala District	-450585	0977-650592
Daniel Nkondwa	DACA - Mpika District	0966-804063	
Nathan Kabwe	DACA - Nakonde District	-566965	0977-236441
Clement Moonga	DACA - Choma District	-220952	0977-883182
Jethro Muchindu	DACA - Kalomo District	-321150	
Catherine Chibala	DACA - Kazungula District		0977-320766/0966703112
Julius Chilongoshi	DACA - Livingstone District	45.9994162	0977-683590
Kenani Ndhlovu	DACA - Mazabuka District		0977-968666
Davie Moono	DACA - Monze	-250610	
Geofrey Kalaluka	DACA - Monze District	-250610	979257819
Lester Nambale	DACA - Sinazongwe District	26.99978882	0977-876660

13. Please confirm the nets will be distributed free-to-recipients, a requirement for us to fund nets.

Yes, the LLINs will be free-to-recipients.

14. Please confirm you will send us, post-distribution, at least 40 digital photos per sub-location, taken at the distribution/s, to be added to our website as we report on the distribution to donors.*

Yes, we will send digital photos. We will need to define sublocations.

15. Please indicate if you will be able to provide video footage from each sub-location. This is not mandatory but is preferred and aids reporting to donors and encourages further donor giving.*

Yes, we will provide video. We will need to define sublocations.

16. Please confirm you will send a **Post-Distribution Summary** when the distribution is complete.*

Yes, we will provide a post-distribution report upon completion of the distribution.

17. Please provide your name, role and organisation and full contact information.

Dr. Mark J Maire

Sector Specialist Infectious Disease

World Vision US

Phone: +1.202.572.6445 Fax: +1.202.572.6480

Email: mmaire AT worldvision.org

Address: 300 I "Eye" St. NE, Washington DC 20002 USA

^{*}Information on providing photos, video and a Post-distribution Summary is included in the attached document.